Declaration of Conformity No. SAR/H019

Specialist Access & Rescue Products Ltd.

This declaration of conformity is issued by Specialist Access & Rescue Products Ltd.
Of Sarena House, Vulcan Street, Oldham, OL1 4LQ

We herby declare that:

Equipment: Rescue Nappy

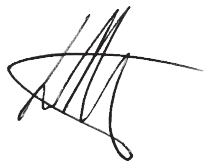
is in conformity with EN1498:2006 Class B

Approved body: SGS United Kingdom Limited
Rossmore Business Park, Ellesmere Port, Cheshire, CH65 3EN

Notified body: SGS FIMKO OY, Takomotie 8, FI-00380 Helsinki, Finland.

Witnessed the tests included in EN1498:2006 Class B, Report No. :

PPE262732/1/PJT/2018

Signed by: 

Name: Lee Allport
Position: Operations Director
Done At: SAR Products - Sarena House, Vulcan Street, Oldham, OL1 4LQ
On: 14/01/19

Product Record

This documentation should be issued with, and kept for, each item or system. Please see the product label for the details required below. Consult this guide for advice on inspection, maintenance, lifespan, etc.

Owner / User's Name:			
Date of Manufacture:		Date of Purchase:	
Date of First Used:		Product Serial No.:	

Inspection & Maintenance Record

Date & Time	Type of Inspection & Comments	Name & Signature of Inspector	Next Inspection Due

Declaration Of Conformity

The EU Declaration of conformity is available by scanning the QR code or visiting - www.sar-products.com/eu-doc/

Certificate Of Conformity

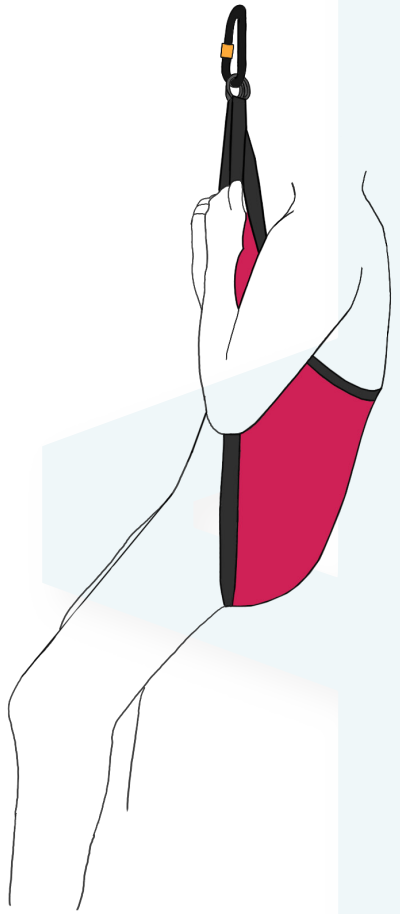
We certify that the SAR Rescue Nappy conform to EN1498:2006 class B. Rated to 140Kg. Other components used with this product must conform to the relevant EN standards.

Signature:..... For SAR Products Ltd

Specialist Access & Rescue Products Ltd.
Sarena House, Vulcan Street, Oldham, OL1 4LQ
+44 (0)161 621 0309 | sales@sar-products.com | www.sar-products.com

Specialist Access & Rescue Products Ltd.

User Guide
Rescue Nappy



Conforms to:

EN1498:2006 - Class B

UK CA CE

sar-products.com
+44 (0)161 621 0309
sales@sar-products.com

Rescue Nappy

Important:
The rescuer should read, study and understand these instructions before use. The materials used in this product are high spec polyesters nylon and stainless steel.

Use:
This Rescue Nappy has been designed for the rescue of personnel only and not for lifting or lowering loads. Use only as instructed and with compatible items of equipment. These should conform to the relevant European standards or those your country follows. Check that the safe function of any one component within a system will not interfere with the safe function of another. Twists in the webbing and rings fitted incorrectly can cause problems, weakness, serious injury or death. Neatness is strength. Users should be trained, competent or under the supervision of such a person.

Note: The information in this guide meets the requirements of the EU PPE Regulation 2016/425 . It is not comprehensive and cannot be substituted for the correct training, which can be provided if required. If in any doubt, contact SAR Products using the supplied information.

Safety:
The safety provided by the rescue nappy depends on the fitting and skill of the user. The strength will be reduced through age, wear and tear, abrasion, cuts, high impact loads, tight/sharp edges, some chemicals (e.g. alkalis, etc.), UV or failure to store and maintain as recommended. This list is not exhaustive. The SAR Rescue nappy has a higher strength rating than normal and this will help against the above however, there are exceptions, which include chemical attack or very high temperatures. Do not alter the product in any way. Any rescue nappy subjected to a minor fall should be examined and discarded if there is any sign of defect or any doubts about its safety. Any rip or tare to the main material and the product should be taken straight out of service and disposed off so that it can not be used again.

Lifespan
The lifespan of any product will be affected by the conditions in which it is used and stored/ maintained. This product is manufactured using high grade polyester webbing.
Textile components should be retired no later than 10 years after the Date of Manufacture.
Metal components will have an indefinite lifespan, depending on use.

The working life will be reduced through general wear and tear, abrasion, cuts, damage to component parts, inappropriate ancillary equipment, high impact load, prolonged exposure to UV light including sunlight, elevated temperature (50°C max), exposure to some chemicals (e.g. strong alkalis) or failure to store and maintain as recommended. This list is not exhaustive.

Inspection
Before each use, conduct a visual inspection and function test to ensure the product is in serviceable condition and operates correctly. A periodic examination should be carried out at by a competent person at least every 12 months. These inspections should be recorded, paying particular attention to areas of potentially high wear such as attachment points, textiles, cams, bearings, etc. In the UK, the frequency of periodic inspection should be at least every 6 months; it is the user's responsibility to ensure they comply with the guidance for inspection in their own country or region.
Inspect as follows:

Textiles: Check for cuts, tears & abrasions, damage due to deterioration, contact with heat, alkalis or other corrosives, label legibility.
Sewing: Check for broken, cut, loose or worn threads.
Metals: Check for cracks, distortion, corrosion, wear by abrasion, burrs, worn or loose rivets or screws, discolouration caused by extreme heat (greater than 100° C) broken springs, seizure of moving parts, broken or missing components, marking legibility.

Immediately withdraw from service any items showing defects. Any repairs must be carried out by the manufacturer or their authorised agent.

Anchorage
Anchor points should always be assessed for strength and suitability for the task (EN795, minimum 12kN). Sharp edges, abrasive or high temperature surfaces should be avoided or protected against.
Anchor points, wherever possible, should be above the user.

Maintenance
Always keep the product clean and dry. Any excess moisture should be removed with a clean cloth and then allowed to dry naturally in a warm room away from direct heat.
Metal parts may be lubricated with a dry PTFE lubricant or WD40 type spray. Excess lubricant should be wiped off to avoid attracting dirt.

Cleaning
Rinse in clean cold water. If still soiled, wash in clean warm water (max. 40°C) with pure soap or a mild detergent (within pH range of 5.5 to 8.5). A machine wash may be used, but care must be taken to protect against mechanical damage, for example by placing the item in a bag prior to washing. Rinse thoroughly in clean cold water.

Chemicals
Avoid contact with any chemicals which could affect the performance of the product. If contact occurs, or is suspected, then remove the product from service immediately.
If used in a marine environment, thoroughly rinse in clean cold water and dry after each use.

Storage
After cleaning, store unpacked in a cool, dry, dark place away from excessive heat sources or other possible causes of damage. Do not store wet. Transport in a suitable protective bag.

If a long shelf life is required it is advisable to store in a moisture proof package.

Markings
Each individual component is marked, where applicable, with:

- The name, trademark or any other means of identification provided by the manufacturer or supplier.
- The batch or serial number
- The date of manufacture (DoM)
- Product description and/or reference
- The British &/ or EN standard(s) to which the item conforms
- Load rating
- UKCA &/or CE mark

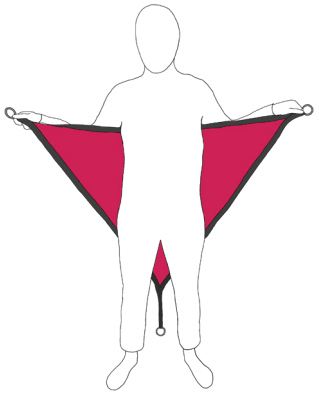
Strengths quoted are when the product is tested new and are in accordance with the manufacturer's test methods to the appropriate standard. Any weights and measurements are within the standard's specified tolerances.

Warning
Rescue is hazardous. It is the user's responsibility to ensure they understand the correct and safe use of this equipment. To use it only for the purposes for which it is designed and to practise all proper safety procedures. Any harness can cause pressure and cut circulation, this could cause suspension trauma from a build up of toxins in the trapped blood. Be aware especially if the casualty already has injuries that could hide this fact. This is not a fall arrest harness that is worn permanently, it is for rescue only. The rescuer should ensure that the rescuee is not endangered by the displacement of straps of the rescue loop or contact with attachment elements, e.g. a connector striking the head of a rescuee during an unintended fall.

It is essential for the safety of the user that if the product is re-sold outside the original country of destination the reseller shall provide instructions for use, for maintenance, for periodic examination and for repair in the language of the country in which the product is to be used.

Nothing in this document affects the consumer's statutory rights.

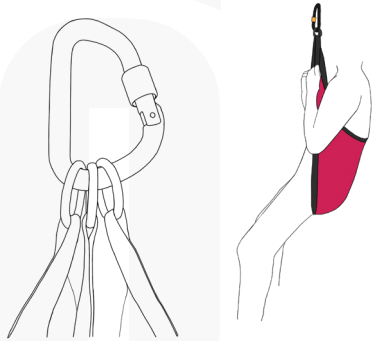
Fitting:
1. Place the rescue nappy around the back of the casualty just under the shoulder blades.



2. Bring the rescue nappy around to the front of the body under each arm pit holding the 2 rings as per the diagram.

3. Reach down and bring the central webbing strap with ring up through the legs and place between the two other rings at the front of the body.

4. Connecting to the rescue nappy. Ensure that the central ring that was brought up through the legs is placed between the 2 rings that went either side of the arm pits. All 3 rings must be connected to the relevant connector as show in the diagram D. Any type of connector used must be securely fastened.



5. Where shoulder straps are fitted on the product, place these over each shoulder and adjust accordingly